Fall 2021| MECH 6318

Engineering Optimization

**Mid-term Exam**

**12:00pm-5:00pm Tuesday, October 12, 2021**

**(100 points)**

**NAME: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ NetID: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**

***Any (i) communication of any kind with classmate, or (ii)*** [***plagiarization***](javascript:;)***shall result in failing of the course!***

***-5 to 0 points reserved for Neatness and Professional Presentation. Show your work in detail and clearly.***

***Write your answers on papers; Scan your answers and save it as a PDF.***

***Please rename the file with the format: NetID\_Lastname\_firstname.pdf, e.g., yxl100000\_liu\_yuanzhi.pdf***

**Problem 1: True or False (*10pts* x *2* = *20 pts*)** (You will lose 2 points for choosing a wrong statement or missing a true statement.)

1. Please choose all the correct statement(s) from the following:
2. For mixed-integer programming, the design variables are allowed to take only integer values, i.e., X∈Z.
3. For binary programming, -1 and 1 are the most commonly used binary number.
4. Newton method can always converge with different starting points.
5. If A is a symmetric matrix, then .
6. For a convex function, the local minimum is also the global minimum.
7. is convex.
8. is convex for x > 0 if a ≥ 1 or a ≤ 0, and is concave for x > 0 if 0 ≤ a ≤ 1
9. Quasi-Newton method is a second-order method.
10. Golden section method is an interior point method.
11. A student realized something wrong when he was solving a convex problem using golden section search: the student received an interval of [1, 3], while the previous iteration had an iterval of [1, 2].
12. The system of constrain equations has a solution:

Text

Description automatically generated with low confidence

1. Consider the optimization problem shown below:

subject to

4

3

When solving this problem in Matlab using ***fmincon***, please choose the correct statement(s) from the following:

1. It is a nonlinear programming problem.
2. The problem can be transformed into a one-variable optimization problem
3. There are 4 linear and 1 nonlinear behavioral constraints.
4. There are 2 inequality constraints and 3 equality constraints.
5. All the linear constraints can be defined in the nonlinear constraint function.
6. In Matlab code, the lower and upper bounds can be defined as

LB = [-500]; UB = [500];

1. If the optimization tolerance is 1e-3, it is impossible to yield a solution with more than 4 decimal places, e.g., 0.6318.
2. It has no impacts to the final solution if there is another unequal constraint:
3. A different initial point can lead to a different solution.
4. This problem can also be solved using***linprog***in Matlab.
5. To solve this problem by hand, we can use the dual simplex algorithm.

**Problem 2:** Consider the following function and solve the questions below by hand.

(1) What are the gradient and the Hessian of *f(x)*? *(6 pts)*

(2) What are the stationary point(s) of *f(x)*? (*6 pts)*

(3) Using the eigenvalues of the Hessian, can the stationary point(s) be classified into a minimum, maximum, or saddle point? *(6 pts)*

**Problem 3:** Linear regression can be formulated as:



Assuming the  sample is (the data has a dimension of P+1), the estimated  target variable  will be:



To find out the coefficient that best fits a set of data (n samples), it needs to minimize the mean squared error:



1. Given three points in a two-dimension coordinate: P1(1,1), P2(2,2), P3(3,4), formulate the optimization problem for linear regression (You need to indicate the objective function, design variables, and constraints). *(6 pts)*
2. It is known that a given linear regression line passes through the origin P0(0,0), as shown in the figure below, try to solve the problem*. (6 pts)*
3. For a 2-dimensional quadratic regression, the formulation is  (), try to formulate the optimization problem by minimizing the mean squared error with the given points P1, P2, and P3 (you don’t need to solve it ). *(6 pts)*



**Problem 4:** A contractor has three sets of heavy construction equipment available at both New York and Los Angeles. He has construction jobs in Seattle, Dallas, and Detroit that require two, three, and one set of equipment, respectively. The shipping costs per set between cities i and j (Cij) are shown in the figure. Formulate and solve the problem of finding the shipping pattern that minimizes the cost. *(Hint: the problem is very straight forward, you don’t need to use Simplex method here )(14 pts)*

1

2

1

2

3

New York

Los Angeles

Seattle

Dallas

Detroit

C11=4

C12=3

C13=1

C21=2

C22=7

C23=5

**Problem 5:** A company manufactures glassware for wine, beer, champagne and whiskey. Each type of glassware requires time in the molding shop, time in the packaging shop, and a certain quantity of glass. The resources required to make each type of glass are given in the following table:

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Design  Variables |  |  |  |  |
| WINE  GLASS | BEER  GLASS | CHAMPAGNE  GLASS | WHISKEY  GLASS |
| Molding time | 4 minutes | 8 minutes | 7 minutes | 9 minutes |
| Packaging time | 1 minute | 1 minute | 3 minutes | 4 minutes |
| Glass | 3 oz. | 4 oz. | 2 oz. | 1 oz. |
| Selling price | $6 | $10 | $9 | $22 |

At present, 610 minutes of molding time, 420 minutes of packaging time and 500 oz. of glass are available ( here represents the number of units of the th type of glassware, and is not necessarily to be an integer).

1. Formulate / explain (but do not solve) an optimization problem to maximize the revenue of this company. The problem must include objective function, design variable(s), and constraint function(s) in the standard form of an optimization problem. *(7 pts)*

1. If a 15% off discount is applied to the original selling price for all types of glassware, how would it affect the optimal solutions of this optimization problem? *(5 pts)*
2. Transform the formulated problem into standard form in order to apply simplex method*. (4 pts)* (you don’t need to solve it.)

**Problem 6:** Solve the following optimization problem using Golden Section method by hand. *(14 pts)*

(Assume convergence tolerance = 0.5)

*subject to*

3